

Like his father, Mr. Carroll has shown himself to be progressive and enterprising, and has improved his farm and brought it to a high state of productivity. He has studied the nature of its soil and kept in touch with the latest thought and discovery in the science of agriculture, and he has industriously applied to his work all that he has learned by study and observation. It follows, as a matter of course, that he has been successful, for the soil of this portion of Missouri has never yet failed to respond liberally to the hand of skillful and persuasive husbandry. His political faith rests upon the principles of the Democratic party and he gives that organization his continued and effective support. Fraternaly he is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Modern Woodmen, and to that, too, he is devoted in loyalty of feeling and activity of service. He ignores no duty of good citizenship, but performs all with fidelity and intelligence.

#### JOHN L. QUIGLEY.

Successful and progressive as a farmer and mill man, upright and enterprising as a citizen, clean, capable and energetic as a public official, John L. Quigley, of Salt River township, this county, has exemplified in his useful career among the people of his township and county many of the best and most admirable traits of elevated and productive American citizenship. He has met every public and private duty in a manly and straightforward manner and discharged all with fidelity and ability. And while pushing his own advancement with com-

mendable industry and intelligence, he has also given the affairs and the enduring welfare of the region in which he lives careful attention and valuable advocacy and assistance.

Mr. Quigley was born in Monroe county, Missouri, on April 3, 1858. His grandfather Quigley was born and reared in Kentucky, and Samuel Quigley, his father, was also a native of that state. The father came to Missouri in 1854 and took up his residence in Monroe county, where he remained until 1861. He then moved to Adams county, Illinois, and during the next six years was actively engaged in farming in that county. In 1867 he returned to Missouri and located in this county near Shelbyna, where he continued his farming operations until his death on July 4, 1886. His political faith and active support were given throughout his manhood to the Democratic party, and he was warmly attached to its principles.

In 1844 he was united in marriage with Miss Sarah J. Wallace, a native of Tennessee. They became the parents of nine children, six of whom are living: Lizzie, the widow of the late Thomas Beasley, of California; William H., who resides in California; and John L., Charles, Robert and Warren, all residents of this county. The mother is still living, and although she is well advanced in years, she is still vigorous and active, and is blessed with the good opinion of all who know her past usefulness or are brought into contact with her present genial and pleasing disposition and obliging manner.

John L. Quigley obtained his education in the district schools of Shelby

county and after completing it helped his father on the home farm until he reached the age of twenty-four years. He then determined to found a home of his own, and to this end he bought a farm of 125 acres in this county near Bacon Chapel. In connection with his farming he has for years operated a saw mill, which is one of the great conveniences of the neighborhood, and is known far and wide for the excellence of the work done on it.

Mr. Quigley has not been wholly absorbed in his own affairs, although he has at all times given them close and careful attention. The interests of his township and county have appealed to him with force and he has responded to the appeal with energy and intelligence, giving the region around him the benefit of his breadth of view, progressiveness and enterprise in connection with local public affairs, and doing whatever he could to promote the welfare and advancement of the people. In 1905 he was appointed game warden by Governor Folk, and although he occupied the office only two years, he made a record of efficiency and fidelity in it which is still highly commended and stands strongly to his credit.

On February 5, 1884, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary Z. Farrell, a native of Shelby county, Missouri. They have had three children, two of whom are living and both still at home with their parents, a son named Everett and a daughter named Nellie. In political affairs the father adheres faithfully to the principles of the Democratic party and is one of its most energetic and efficient workers in all campaigns. In fraternal

relations he is connected with the Knights of Pythias, and in religious affiliation with the Christian church. The people of his township esteem him highly as one of their best and most useful citizens, and this estimate of him is held good throughout the county. It is based on well demonstrated merit, has been sustained by consistent fidelity to duty and uprightness of life, and is borne modestly by him although freely accorded by all classes of Shelby county residents.

#### JOHN C. PRIEST.

One of the most popular and esteemed citizens of Shelbyville and one of the most successful men in the business world of the city is John C. Priest, who has been a farmer and stockman and extensively engaged in the real estate, abstract and loan business from the dawn of his manhood, and who has won success and prominence in every line of activity in which he has been occupied, winning his way to prosperity and consequence by the application of good common sense to his business and to popular favor by his genial nature, obliging disposition and high character.

Mr. Priest is a native of Shelby county and was born within its borders on February 1, 1855. His grandfather, Louis Priest, was a native of Virginia, and in that state, also, his father, Madison J. Priest, was born, his life beginning in 1811 and the place of his nativity being Frederick county. He was reared to manhood on his father's farm in that county and obtained his education in the schools of the neighborhood. In 1836,