

George W. Harvey obtained his education in the district schools of Clay township, Shelby county, and as soon as he left school began farming, following the occupation he had acquired a knowledge of on his father's farm during his boyhood and youth. He began with practically nothing and now has a fine farm of eighty-seven acres, well improved and highly productive. He also carries on a general industry in raising live stock for the markets, and this he makes profitable, as he does his farming operations, by the energy with which he conducts it and the intelligence and skill with which he manages it. He is one of the substantial and progressive farmers and stock men of his township and is esteemed as one of its best and most useful citizens, as he takes an active interest and leading part in everything involving the enduring welfare and advancement of the township and county of his home, allowing nothing of value to languish for the want of his aid.

On April 16, 1885, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary Huett, a daughter of Adolphus R. and Sarah Anne (Ingersoll) Huett, natives of Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey have had six children. Three of them died in infancy. The three living are: Grace; Agnes, the wife of Orval Dehner, and Voda May. In political relations the father is a pronounced Democrat and an energetic and effective worker for the welfare of his party. He has not sought or desired official station, but has served as a member of the school board four years for the benefit of the community. He is regarded as a man of strong character,

considerable intelligence and strict integrity, and is generally looked upon as one of the leading and most representative men in Clay township. He well deserves the public confidence and esteem he enjoys, having earned it by his upright and serviceable life, and his interest in all that pertains to the substantial good of his township and county.

HENRY F. GLAHN.

The interesting subject of this brief memoir, whose farm and live stock industry near Hager's Grove are among the most prosperous and progressive in Clay township, this county, is not a native of the United States, but has been a resident of this country and of Missouri from the time when he was two years old. He may therefore be considered a Missourian to all intents and purposes, for all his knowledge of the world has been acquired in this state, and all his activities from his boyhood have been expended in the work of building it up and expanding its commercial, industrial, political and intellectual power. And during our Civil war of unhappy memory he showed his devotion to the Union by shouldering his musket and meeting its opponents in battle array on many fields of carnage.

Mr. Glahn was born in Prussia, Germany, on February 6, 1841, and is a son of Christian and Mary Antoni (Wand) Glahn, also natives of Prussia. They brought their family to the United States in 1843 and came at once to Missouri, locating in Marion county. The father was a wagon maker and worked at his trade in that county, and also

farmed, until 1866. In that year he moved to Shelby county and made his new home in Clay township, where he followed farming and raising live stock exclusively, and there he passed the remainder of his life, dying in 1888. He was very successful in his operations and accumulated a large fortune for this part of the country. The mother died in 1888. They were the parents of twelve children, five of whom are living: Henry F., Gustave and Joseph (twins), Benjamin, and Katharine, the wife of Irwin Lathrop, of Joplin, Missouri.

Henry Glahn obtained his education in the district schools of Marion county, and after completing their course of instruction began farming for himself. But he was not allowed a long period of peaceful pursuit of this industry. The Civil war began in a short time after he went to farming, and on August 22, 1862, he enlisted in Company G, Thirtieth Missouri Infantry, and was soon afterward at the front in the midst of hostilities. He took part in the battles of Jackson, Arkansas Post and Blakely, and a number of other engagements of greater or less importance, including the siege of Vicksburg. During this memorable siege he was one of the eighty-four resolute patriots who volunteered for the disastrous attack on Fort Hill, which was a forlorn hope from the beginning.

After the close of the war Mr. Glahn returned to his Shelby county, Missouri, home and resumed his farming operations. He has continued them without interruption to the present time (1910), and has been very successful in carrying them on. His present farm comprises

170 acres of good land, is well improved and cultivated with every care and attention that intelligence, good judgment and advanced methods can apply to the work. His live stock industry is also extensive and profitable, for it is managed in the same way as the general work on the farm. Mr. Glahn ranks among the leading and most judicious farmers and stock men in his township, and the good results of all his efforts fully entitle him to the rank he holds.

On October 22, 1868, he was united in marriage with Miss Elizabeth Jane Price, a daughter of James and Sarah (Stewart) Price, natives of Kentucky, who came to Missouri in 1860 and located in Macon county. Eleven children were born of the union, three of whom died in infancy. Those who are living are: Harvey E., whose home is in this county; Dora, the wife of William Foreman; Daniel Webster; George William; Julius Samuel; Charles Henry; Rosa Helen, the wife of Louis Clair, and Russel Marion, who is attending school at Kirksville, with a view to a business or professional career.

In political faith and allegiance the father is an ardent Republican and an earnest worker for the success of his party in all campaigns. He served on the school board for a period of eight years, not, however, as a partisan, but as a good citizen, and for the benefit of the community, and he rendered excellent service, giving the schools an impulse to progress which sprang from his own enterprising and progressive spirit. His fraternal relations are with the Grand Army of the Republic, in which he has always taken a great interest and

a very active and prominent part. He is now the chief mustering officer for the state of Missouri, and officer of the day in the post to which he belongs at Clarence. He is also a past-commander and has been state and national aide-de-camp. His fervor in devotion to the organization, like that of many other veterans who are members of it, seems to grow in intensity as the years pass and its fast-fading ranks melt away. So, also, does his interest in and zeal in behalf of the Christian church, of which he and his entire family have long been devout and consistent members, and he a leader in the congregation to which he belongs, taking an active part in all its worthy and commendable work. In all the requirements of good citizenship he has measured up to the highest standard, giving his community the best service and example he has been capable of. The people of the township and county are well advised of this fact, and of all else that is creditable in his record, and they esteem him accordingly, holding him to be one of the best and most useful men among them.

LEWIS CASS STOVER.

Successful, prosperous and highly progressive as a farmer and stock man, long a valued member of the local school board, for many years an elder in his church, and at all times deeply and serviceably interested in public affairs and the development and improvement of the township and county of his home, Lewis Cass Stover, whose fine farm of 120 acres, near Clarence in Clay township, this county, is one of the choice ones in

that locality, has proven himself to be a very useful citizen and altogether worthy of the confidence and esteem of his community, which he enjoys in full measure.

Mr. Stover was born in September, 1848, in Hannibal, Missouri, and is a son of Jacob and Polly (Baker) Stover, both natives of Maryland. The father came to Missouri in 1833 and located in Hannibal. He was a blacksmith and for a number of years operated the largest blacksmithing establishment in Hannibal. His marriage with Miss Polly Baker, a daughter of Alexander Baker, took place in 1843. They had three children, but their son, Lewis Cass Stover, is the only one of them living. His mother died in June, 1851, when he was but three years old, and in 1855 his father went to Texas, where he remained eleven years. While there he married a second wife, Miss Mary Race, a Kentuckian by nativity. They also had three children. In 1866 the father returned to Missouri, and here he remained until his death in 1886.

Left largely to his own resources in boyhood and youth, Lewis Cass Stover realized early in life that he had only his own capabilities to look to for advancement among men and success in life. He attended the public schools in his native city for a time, securing what he could in the way of scholastic training, then went to work on a farm as a hired hand. By this means, and by diligent use of his every opportunity for the acquisition of useful knowledge, he gained a thorough mastery of agricultural pursuits, and as they were suited to his taste and capacity, he determined