MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Village [If death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS SINGLE DATE OF DEATH COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from (Month) that I last saw h If LE88 than AGE I day .....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or\_\_\_min.? OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town, ' State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER (Signed) OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER In the (City or town, State or foreign country) ...yrs.....mos.. of death.. Where was disease contracted THE ABOVE IS TRUE if not at place of death? .. Former or usual residence PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL (ADDRESS) ADDRE88 UNDERTAKER

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (dis- f, ease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)



MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Should state Very important. 1. PLACE OF DE ¥ Primary Registration District No. PRESCRIBED 81 2. FULL NAME .... OCCUPATION (a) Residence. (Usual place of abode) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 3. SEX 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) 17. TIFY. That I attended deceased from 5a. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) FOR CRUSE OF DEATH\* WAS AS FOLLOWS: 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS If LESS than 1 DAYS day, ......brs. 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ... (b) General nature of industry CONTRIBUTORY..... CERT business, or establishment in (SECONDARY) which employed (or employer).... (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHS...... (STATE OR COUNTRY) DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH?..... DATE OF..... 10. NAME OF FATHER RECEIVE 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER ACTY (STATE OR COUNTRY) 202 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER SHALL 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN). the Disease Causing Deate, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accidental Suicidal, or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. REGISTARAS 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL INFORMANT ... (Address) 20. UNDERTAKER ADDRESS ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST BE WRITT

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary) may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children. not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus. Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is temic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

pneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite), Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc.; Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.). "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age." "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS STATE MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g. sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by

のとのだがれ

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Broncho-

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which gives any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Committee on Nomenclature of the American ...

Medical Association.)

Additional space for further statements by physician.