MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Township Registration District No. File No. Village Primary Registration District No. Ill death occurred in a \_Ward) hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number PERMANENT MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS SINGLE DATE OF DEATH COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED 90-L OR DIVORCED (Month) (Day) (Year) (Write the word) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from DATE OF BIRTH (Month) that I last saw h \_\_\_\_ alive on ... If LESS than AGE i day,....hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at L. \_mln.? The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows: UNFADING INK OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of Industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town. State or foreign country) NAME OF (SECOSDARY) FATHER WITH BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town. State or foreign country WRITE PLAINLY. MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. -Every item of information OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER At place in the (City or town, State or foreign country) ds. State\_\_\_\_ of death. Where was disease contracted THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE if not at place of death? \_ Former or usual residence. DATE OF BURIAL PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL . I9L Kamowell UNDERTAKER ADDRE88 REGISTRAR

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of \_\_\_\_\_ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)



;	BUREAU OF VI	BOARD OF HEALTH TAL STATISTICS
WRITE PLAINLY, WITH UNFADING INK THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state EATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important. SHALL NOT RECEIVE A FEE FOR CERTIFICATES UNTIL THEY ARE COMPLETED AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW.	1. PLACE OF DEATH COUNTY Registration District In Township (No. (No. (No. (No. (T. A.))))	1.166
	2. FULL NAME  (a) Residence. No	Ward.  (If nonresident give city or town and State)  ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth?  yrs. mos. ds.
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS  3. SEA  4. COLOR OR RACE  5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (grite the word)  5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH  16. DATE OF DEATH MONTH, DAY AND YEAR  17.  1 HERSEY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from
	6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)  7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1 day,	death occured on the date stated above, at
	8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED  (a) Trade, profession, or perficular kind of work  (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)  (c) Name of employer	(duration)yrs
	9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  10. NAME OF FATHER	18. Where was disease contracted  IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH!
	(STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	(Signed), M. D. , 19 (Address)  *State the Disease Causing Death, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means and Nature of Injury, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homitical. (See reverse side for additional space.)
N. B.—Every it CAUSE OF DE. REGISTHARS S	14. INFORMANT (Address)  15. Var 13:018 a blanners; (	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL  Dent to 2110 Now 4 1918  ADDRESS
20 1	TREMISTRAL !	BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death; Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work yast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Additional space for further statements by physician.