1 PLACE OF DEATH		BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS	
I PLACE OF DEATH		CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
Coun	- Shannon	,	
		No 82 9 File No	11785
Township Cultured Registration Distric			
or Primary Registration		on District No. 69.2.C Registered No.	<u> </u>
Village Primary Registration or			. //
City(NO			(lf,death occurred in a hospital or institution,
2FULL NAME Lower John			give its NAME instead
		more	of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 SEX 4 COLOR, OR RACE   5 SINGLE   MARRIED		16 DATE OF DEATH	11- 0
٠,	WIDOWED OR DIVORCED	mar	/ <b>6</b> 191 8
_//	(Write the word)	(Month)	' (Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH		17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from	
	Man 15 918	mar 15 1918 10 M	Ar 15 191 8
	(Month) (Day) (Year)	man man	11-
7 AGÉ	If LESS than	that I last saw hammalive on	116
1 day 24 hrs. ormin.?		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, atm.	
		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:	
8 OCCUPATION  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		19 A D	
		Duwacuscuscus usus	
• .			
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		139	1
			Y
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)		(Duration)	rsds.
10 NAME OF ON A D.		(Secondary)	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
.	FATHER CONTROL TO MANON	e) (Duration)/	rsds.
PARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE	(Signed) trank layer	M. D.
	OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	2 110 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		, 1013	me 100
	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in dea (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accident	ths from Violent Causes, state
	OMO PROS	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals.	
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER	or Recent Residents)	
	(City or town, State or foreign country)	At place In the cf deathyrsmosds. State	yrsmosds.
(Informant)		Where was disease contracted	•
		if not at place of death?	
		Former or usual residence	
			DATE OF DUCING
	(Address)	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR HEMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL
15 Filed B - 16 1915 Frank Hoyan		willow chopie	J
		20 UNDERTAKER	ADDRESS
Registrar		none_	
			<del></del>

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age, For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: . Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)