1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTI BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
and thannan	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 374
County State of the State of th	, , _
-	ation District No. 195 File No. 10-8 1918
Village Primar	y Registration District No. 4852 Registered No. 7
or	
City(NO	St.: Ward) [If death occurred in hospital or fastitution
2FULL NAME Florid P	give its NAME inste of street and number
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULAR	S 2) MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 BEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH (Month) (Day) (Pay)
6 DATE OF BIRTH	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased fro
· Oug 16	1 9 /7, 191, to, 191
(Month) (Day)	(Ycar) that I last saw halive on
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	LESS than
	day,hrs. and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at
8 OCCUPATION	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	Marana fever
(b) General nature of industry	.38
business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	72/10
9 BIRTHPLACE	
(City or town, State or foreign country)	(Duration) yrsmos
10 NAME OF	(Secondary)
FATHER BUREAUSPHER CORNE	(Duration)yrsmos
11 BIRTHPLACE	(Signed) 1 , Q , Jala M
OF FATHER (Gri, or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME	Jan Oat 8 , 1918 (Address) It Junker
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER 6	*State the Dingage Causing Death or in death from Violent Courses
Mark Valle	(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transien or Recent Residents)
(City or town, State or foreign country)	At place In the of deathyrs
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant) Macon Skar Such	
	usual residence
(Address) Hardage Da	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
15	madley Cametry 629 9 7 1918
Filed Get 8 1916 & Blak	Registrar Soles Chounter Hardane

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman, "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid *House*keepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as: At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic, This titial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary on intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage." "Inanition," "Marasmus," - "Old fage," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL Operatonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental arownist; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)